ANOTHER SKIRMISH

FILIPINOS ARE NOT YET WEARY OF FIGHTING.

CALOOCAN TAKEN YESTERDAY

TWENTIETH KANSAS REGIMENT HAD A HAND IN IT.

Is a Part of General Otis' Brigade. Which Captured Caloocan-The American Loss Light and Insurgent Loss Sald to Be Heavy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 .- The following dispatch was received to-night:

Manila, Feb. 10. Adjutant General.

Insurgents collected considerable force between Mantia and Caloocan, where Aguinaldo is reported to be, and threatened an attack and uprising in the city. This afternoon swung left of MacArthur's division, which is north of Pasig river, into Caloocan, driving enemy easily. Our left now at Caloocan. Our loss slight; that of insurgents considerable. Particulars in morning. Attack preceded by one-half hour's firing from two of Admiral Dewey's OTIS.

MANILA, Feb. 10, 7:40 p. m .- The American forces at 3:40 this afternoon made a combined attack upon Caloocan and reduced it in short order. At a signal from the tower of the De La Lome church the United States double

turreted monitor, Monadnock, opened fire from the bay, with the big guns of her fore turret on the earthworks with great Boon afterwards, the Utah battery bom-

barded the place from the land side.

The rebels reserved their fire until the bombardment ceased, when they fired vol-lys of musketry as the Montana regiment dvanced on the jungle. The Kansas regiment, on the extreme left, with the Third artillery deploying to

the right, charged across the open and carried the earthworks, cheering under a

Supported by the artillery at the church, the troops further advanced, driving the enemy, fighting every foot, right into the town line and penetrated to Presidencia, and lowered the Filipino flag at 5:30 p. m. The enemy's sharpshooters, in the jungle on the right, fired at long range on the Pennsylvania regiment, but the rebels were soon silenced by shrapnel shells and the Pensylvanians remained in the trenches. As the Americans advanced they burned

The rebels were mowed down like grass,

The rebels have apparently selected on as their base of operations in the next encounter, as they are concentrating in considerable force there. Many small bodies of scattered troops are straggling edly arriving from the north interior prov-

Aguinaldo is reported to have established headquarters at Malabon for the pur-pose of rallying his forces for a decisive blow. In order to cover their movements, the rebels again opened fire upon the Kan-sas outposts last night from the jungle. The fire was continued for twenty minutes. out effect. The Americans reserved their fire until a detachment of the enemy emerged from the bamboos, when a well directed volley made the rebels scuttle back to their covert like rabbits.

The Fourteenth Infantry has unearthed several tons of Spanish shells which had been stolen from the Cavite arsenal and Fifteen cartloads of it have been brought into the city, as has also a

There is no doubt that the gun was either stolen by the insurgents or removed from one of the sunken warships. LOS ANGELES, CAL., Feb. 10 .- A spe-

cial cablegram to the Times from Manila, sent before the movement on Caloocan,

"Brigadier General H. C. Otis holds the extreme left of the American line from bay near Caloocan. The regiments on the line and in support are: The Twentieth Kansas, Colonel Funston, eleven compa-nies; First Montana, Colonel Kessler, nine companies; Third artillery, Major Kobbe, four batteries as infantry, and the Tenth Pennsylvania, Colonel Hawkins, four companies. Two companies of the Tenth Pennsylvania are behind the walls of De La the Montana regiment is Captain Jensen's company, holding the stone fort support-ing Grant's battery of four Utah guns; a

supporting the Kansas troops.

"To reach its present position the brigade has advanced four times since Saturday in a series of brilliant combats on different parts of the line of action, especially so on the 4th, 5th and 7th. The last advance was the most sanguinary, the American loss being one killed and six wounded, while the Filipinos suffered a loss of fortyfour killed, and were utterly routed. The brigade has lost to-day six killed and fiftyfive wounded. The Filipinos lost 130. All the dead were buried. Several bayonet charges were made on the 7th during the advance of the right and center. The taking of the Chinese cemetery on the 5th by the Montana and Pennsylvania regiments was a superb piece of work. A brilliantly executed advance up the slope in the open made a battle picture that would delight any yeteran."

BUYING NATIVE PONIES.

General Otis Has Found That American Horses Can't Be Used

at Manila. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.-General Otis sent word to the war department that he had been obliged to buy a large number of horses to supply the transportation needed owing to the lengthening of the American lines. These horses, so-called, are really the little native Filipino ponies, which, it is said at the war department, have been found to be the best animals for pack and draft purposes that can be for pack and draft purposes that can be secured. Some big American horses have been taken to the islands by the troops, but they have sickened and died, and altogether have proven to be wholly unfit for the climate. On the other hand, General Otis reports that he has mounted several troops of cavalry on the little native ponies with good results.

Secretary Alger said again this afternoon that he had a several and several troops of the control of the secretary alger said again this afternoon that he had a several and several troops.

of cavalry on the little native ponies with good results.

Secretary Alger said again this afternoon that he had not sent any instructions to General Otis since the beginning of hostilities, and would send none. He fully expects that Otis will make no terms with Aguinaldo while the latter is armed and that a condition precedent to dealing with him at all is the return of the insurgents to their homes and the surrender of their arms. Centainly General Otis is not now expected to take any action that will amount to the recognition of the insurgents as a foe to be treated with on the basis of an independent nation. There was also an absence of news from Ilolo, and there is reason to believe that it will be several days before anything is heard from that point of interest.

One of the Kansans Wounded. MANILA, Feb. 10.-One of the Kansas

heroes among the wounded is Daniel Hewitt, of Topeka. Hewitt has a severe flesh wound in the right thigh. His condinesh would in the right thigh. His condi-tion is reported by the surgeon to be very good. Hewitt is a son of ex-Postmaster Hewitt, of North Topeka, and nephew of former Mayor Abram B. Hewitt of New

THE GRIP CURE THAT DOES CURE. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets removes the cause that produces La Grippe. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each Tablet. 25c.

ROW BETWEEN OFFICERS.

Former Congressman Colson Wrangling With a Lieutenant in His Regiment.

ANNISTON, ALA., Feb. 10.—A big row is on between Colonel David Colson and Lieutenant Ed Scott, of the Fourth Kentucky, which is to be mustered out here to-morrow. When and how it started cannot be ascertained, but it has been on for some time, and has been growing until now it has reached serious proportions Lieutenant Scott has figured in two court martials, and was also re-examined recent ly as to his ability, efficiency and fitness to hold office by a board, which recom-mended his dismissal. He went to Washington, however, and had the finding over ruled. Lieutenant Scott ascribes his trouble

to Colonel Colson. Lieutenant Scott on yesterday filed charges against Colonel Colson with the military authorities here, and sent copies military authorities here, and sent copies to Colonel Colson and to the war department, sileging that Colonel Colson embezzied government funds, incited the men of the regiment to riot, lawlessness and disorder against the people of Anniston when they were mustered out, with drunkenness on duty and with falling to stop an orgle of commissioner officers of the regiment in camp in which firearms were freely used and when he was present. These charges have caused a great deal of exly used and when he was present. These charges have caused a great deal of excitement in the regiment, and especially among the friends of the two men.

Colonel Colson is out in a second

among the friends of the two men.

Colonel Colson is out in a two-column card this afternoon, making very serious charges against Scott, among them that he is "accustomed to telling stories in barrooms for drinks, and that his associates are almost entirely among the vicious and criminal classes."

Scott will have a card in the morning paper charging Colonel Colson with being a congression nonentity and with maliciously falsifying. Both men are known to be fearless and serious trouble is anticipated. Colson is a congressman from the Eleventh Kentucky district and Scott is a prominent young attorney of Lexington and a nephew of Governor Bradley.

WILL BE A BATTLE ROYAL. Both Sides Preparing for a Hard Fight Over the "Embalmed Beef" Charges.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.-Next to news from the Philippines, interest in the war department centers on February 15, when the court of inquiry to investigate General Miles' "embalmed beef" charges will convene. All information, even as to the court routine, is judiciously guarded, and officers refrain from expressing any the court routine, is judiciously guarded, and officers refrain from expressing any opinion or making any forecasts in the case. It is well understood, however, that both General Miles and the commissary general's department are preparing a mass of evidence which will be submitted to the court, the one tending to sustain General Miles' statements as to the character of the meat-furnished the army and the other discounting any criticism of the material bought, passed upon and issued by the commissary department. Both the testimony of General Miles and of the commissary department. Both the testimony of General Miles and of the commissary department will consist in the main of official reports, and both will be voluminous. General Eagan is still at the war department, denying himself to all visitors except personal friends. He is now relieved of the routine work of his office, which is being transacted by his assistants, and is free to devote himself to correlating all of the information in his possession for presentation to the court.

Colonel Watson, who was appointed acting commissary general when General Eagan was called to answer to the charges preferred against him before the courtmartial, is still in New York. The last news of him received at the department was that he had recovered from a severe spell of illness that resulted from his exposure during the Cuban campaign, but was now on crutches, with a return of a severe attack of sciatica contracted in active service long ago in the West.

M'KINLEY SIGNS THE TREATY. Little Formality Observed, Although There Were a Number of Wit-

nesses Present. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.-The official copy of the treaty of peace with Spain, bearing the signatures of the Spanish and American commissioners, which was rat-fied by the senate last Monday, as certi-fied by Vice President Hobart, was signed fied by Vice President Hobart, was signed by the president and Secretary Hay at 2:35 o'clock this afternoon in the library of the executive mansion. There was little formality observed, although a number of persons were present by invitation of the president. While signing the document, the president and secretary of state sat at the round table in the center of the library. The pen was an ordinary gold one which the president frequently uses in his office work. The ceremony occupied only a few minutes, and at its conclusion Secretary Hay replaced the document in its crimson velvet case and took it to the state department for transmission to Madrid. Besides the president there were present Mrs. McKinley, Secretary Hay and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brooks and Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Borden, who are guests at the White House; Mr. Abner McKinley and Lieutenant Colonel B. F. Montgomery, U. S. V.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION BURNED Home of Kentucky's Chief Executive Totally Destroyed by Fire

Yesterday.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 10.-The gov ernor's mansion was totally destroyed by fire at noon to-day. An early fire was ex-tinguished, but it broke out again at 11:20. The firemen were almost disabled by the intense cold, to which trouble was added frozen pipes and cutting off of the water

supply.

Governor Bradley's personal loss is at least \$1,500, not including the destruction of his collection of political literature, which he had been engaged in collecting since he entered political life, twenty-five years ago. He also lost other valuable documents.

years ago. He also lost other valuable documents.

The handsome furnishings of the house were the property of the state, and these, as well as much of the governor's property, were badly damaged. The lot upon which the burned building stood was donated to the state over 100 years ago, to be held as long as used for a home for the governor, and the state is now confronted with the necessity of either building a new or repairing the ruined walls as the only alternative to keep the property from reverting to the heirs of the original donor. Owing to the historic character attaching to it, there is a widespread sentiment in favor of repairing.

ST. LOUIS SUBURB SCORCHED. Opera House and Three Stores Were Burned and Entire Business

Section Threatened. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.-Webster Groves, suburb of St. Louis, was visited by a fire this afternoon that burned the Allen building, containing the opera house, S. Strauss' bakery, Bredell & Conkling's meat market and F. W. Farrington's general store. For a time the fire threatened to wipe out the business portion of the village, but assistance arrived from St. Louis and the flames were checked. The loss is es-timated at \$5,000.

Collision at Independence, Kas. INDEPENDENCE, KAS., Feb. 10.—(Special.) About 12:30 o'clock last night the east bound Santa Fe passenger ran into a south bound Missouri Pacific freight train at the crossing near here. The Santa Fe engine was ditched and somewhat injured, and four cars of the Missouri Pacific train were thrown off the track. Nobody was seriously injured.

Young Woman Burned to Death. ARDMORE. I. T., Feb. 10.—(Special.) Miss Ethel Stevens, a young lady living near here, left her home yesterday and later on passers by found her dead and charred body. In wandering she had fallen into a fire left by some hunters and was burned to death. It is thought she was insane.

Mining Plant Burned. WEBB CITY, MO., Feb. 10.—(Special.) At a late hour last night the Vernon mining plant, on the Troupe land, in South Carterville, was destroyed by fire. It was the property of Thomas J. Steers, of Joplin. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is \$10,000, with no insurance.

OLATHE, KAS., Feb. 10.—(Special.) A woman more than 80 years of age and familiarly known as Aunt Dicy Bibbs, was found dead in her home at Shawnee, this county, where she has been living alone for several years. It is not known what caused her death.

eaux.

Cornish denied this, and said that after searching for a man with a common motive against him and against Barnet, his mind closed upon the name of Molineaux when it was suggested.

Roland R. Molineaux sat in the court-room by the side of his father, General

LITTLE HEADWAY AT CORONER'S INQUEST ON ADAMS MYSTERY.

WHAT DOES CORNISH KNOW?

KNICKERBOCKER MAN PRESERVES HIS SELF-POSSESSION.

Harry Cornish Has Consultation With State's Attorney-Thought Molineaux the Murderer, but Has Since Changed His Mind -The Testimony.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.-The inquest into the death of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, who died December 28, through drinking poison anonymously sent to Harry Cornish, was continued to-day by Coroner Hart.

Previous to the commencement of the proceedings, Cornish visited the district attorney's office and endeavored to see Colonel Gardiner. The latter, however, sent word that any communication Cornish had to make must come through Assistant Dis-trict Attorney Osborne, who is conducting the examination on behalf of Colone Gardiner's department. Cornish then had a lengthy consultation with Mr. McIntyre, who, besides being a personal friend of Cornish, is said to have knowledge of many peculiar ramifications which the mysterious olsoning has brought about.

After consulting Mr. McIntyre, Cornish returned to the inquest room. None of the many other witnesses subpoensed was present. Cornish declined to say anything regarding District Attorney Gardiner's re-marks last night—that it now behooved him to "clear his skirts." It is understood connection with Cornish's apparent unwilling the state of affairs at the athletic club and regarding his relations with those per-sons who have been brought into the case

more or less in the guise of suspects. Cornish was again to-day somewhat reticent and equivocal in his answers to questions put to him by the assistant district attorney and in one instance at least interview with a number of newspaper repof the examination, Cornish, when asked if he knew Mrs. Molineaux and if she could have any connection with the case, said that he wished the assistant district attorney would ask him that question on the stand. "A man is supposed to perjure him-self for a woman," said Cornish, "but I am here to tell the truth if I am asked such a

This seemed a significant statement at the time and Assistant District Attorney Osborne put those very questions to him to which Cornish made the following answer:

"I never saw Mrs. Molineaux to know her and never saw her when she was Blanche

He made the statement that he had suspected Molineaux of having prepared the poison, because a chemist, a friend of his, had suggested on account of a sediment having been left in the glass from which Mrs. Adams drank that the bromo seltzer preparation had been put up by a halfof chemistry, but not a complete knowledge, and that as Molineaux knew some thing of chemistry, his name naturally sugsaid and the fact that he had had a quarrel with Molineaux was another reason. Cornish gave way on the stand tempo rarily to Molineaux. Mr. Osborne asked the witness abruptly if he was innocent of the poisoning of Mrs. Adams. Molineaux replied: "I am absolutely in-

nocent." Molineaux told of his connection with the Knickerbocker and New York Athletic Clubs and said that he had left the former club largely because of his quarrel with Cornish. He was asked if he had known Henry C. Barnet, and replied that he was warm personal friend of that man, a He could suggest no motive why anyone should send poison to Barnet. Molineaux then described the rooms at

the Knickerbocker Athletic Club on the second floor, occupied by himself, Barnet, Cornish and Adams, after which the yachting trip on A. J. Morgan's yacht the case, came up for consideration. Molineaux said that he had been on several cruises on this yacht, but that Barnet had never been with him. He met Miss Chesebrough on one of these trips, being introduced to her by her married sister. At this interesting point the hearing was diourned until Tuesday morning. The first question that Assistant District

Attorney Osborne asked Cornish to-day was somewhat abrupt:
"Will you tell me," he said, "all your easons for supposing Molineaux commit-

ted this crime?' Cornish answered as he did yesterdaythat the idea came to him when he examned the handwriting on the package containing the brome seltzer bottle and the

"You don't believe now that Molineaux wrote that address?" queried Osborne.
"No, I don't," replied Cornish shortly. Cornish also denied that he thought Felix Gallagher wrote the address.

Cornish said that he had learned from the police that whoever prepared the brome seltzer bottle must have been a chemist, Besides Molineaux, there were in the Knickerbocker Club two chemists, Jokum

"Jokum," said Cornish, "told me that it was evident that the polson compounder was only half a chemist." The question, "How did Jokum see the

poison," brought out the fact that Jokum was quite intimate with the Adams family and had examined the poison before the police took it away.
"Now, look here, Cornish." said the asistant district attorney, "you came to my

office this morning and told me that I was onice this morning and told me that I was not treating you fairly.

"I told you then and I tell you now I do not suspect you of the crime, and I wish to give you every chance to tell all you know. Are you being perfectly candid?"

"I am telling you all I know," said Cornish.

nish. Mr. Osborne asked Cornish if he had any Mr. Osborne asked Cornish if he had any opinion as to who wrote the address on the poison package. Cornish said he had not. "Didn't you tell Colonel Gardiner that you thought Felix Gallagher wrote that address?" asked Osborne. "I told him the experts said the letters were written by the man who addressed the poison packages and I felt sure Gallagher had written the letters." "And you think he wrote the address on the package?"

"And you think he wrote the address on the package?"

"No, I think there is a resemblance in the writing. I cannot say who wrote that address. The experts said the handwriting was the same."

Cornish produced what purported to be a fac simile of the address on the poison package, which he compared for the benefit of the jury with a letter written by Gallagher.

efit of the jury with a letter written by Gallagher.

In answer to a question from Coroner Hart as to whether he had any difficulty with Mrs. Molineaux, Cornish said:

"I never saw Mrs. Molineaux before or since her marriage, I would not know her if she stood before me."

An effort apparently to throw doubt upon this statement of the witness was made when two reporters were asked to stand up, and Osporne asked Cornish if he had not said to them previous to the inquest that he had wished to be questioned regarding his relations with Mrs. Molineaux.

caux.
Cornish denied this, and said that after

A CHARIVARI TRAGEDY. Nebraska Young Man Fatally Wound

ed While Screnading a New-

ly Married Couple. WYMORE, NEB., Feb. 10.-(Special.) Charles Anderson, a young man 23 years old, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by Edward Long while taking part in a charivari in celebration of the marriage of charivari in celebration of the marriage of Long's sister, at her home seven miles southwest of this city. Anderson, in company with a number of other boys, went to the Long home, where the bride and groom were stopping, armed with sleigh bells, cowbells, revolvers and all the other necessary equipment for a country charivari, and for half an hour they bombarded the Long home. Ed Long, a brother of the bride, came out and ordered them to disperse, but they refused to do so until the groom had accorded them the customary treat. When Long returned to the house the noise became worse than before, and in a short time he emerged from the house with a shotgun which he discharged at the crowd. Almost the entire load took effect in the left hip of young Anderson. Anderson's companions fied and left him to be taken care of by the Long family, who sent to this city for medical aid. The doctors who attended the wounded man say that he will probably die. Long has been arrested and placed in jail, where he will be held until the seriousness of Anderson's wound can be determined. The wounded man proved to be a cousin of the groom. Both Long and his victim are members of two of the most prominent families in Gage county. Long's sister, at her home seven miles

BODY SOLD, NOT BURIED.

Sedalia, as Well as Kansas City, Has Its Undertaker's Scandal.

SEDALIA, MO., Feb. 10.—(Special.) The body of George Durnill, who dropped dead at the Katy depot, two weeks ago, and was not buried in the city cemetery, as was supposed at the time, has been rescued from the operating table of a Kirksville medical college. The discovery that the body was not buried was made last the body was not buried was made last Monday, when Undertaker J. E. Hillis sent a bill to the county court for the interment of the body, the superintendent of the cemetery informing the court that no grave had ever been dug for Durnill's body. Hillis now lays the blame of the whole affair upon his assistant. Elmer Rhine, who, he says, shipped the body away without his knowledge. Rhine left for Kirksville as soon as Coroner Cowan began a search for knowledge. Knine left for Khiasine knowledge. Knine left for Khiasine soon as Coroner Cowan began a search for the body and Undertaker Hills received a letter from him to-day, saying that he would arrive in Sedalia to-night with the body. If the remains have been mutilated, prosecution will likely follow.

FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

E. E. Colby, a Prominent Springfield Politician, Charged With Embessling From Water Works.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., Feb. 10.-(Special.) E. E. Colby, chairman of the Greene coun ty Republican central committee, was ar-rested to-day on a warrant sworn out by the attorney for the Springfield Water Works Company, charging him with having nbezzled \$2,100.85. The arrest was quite a surprise to everyone except a few per-sonal friends who were acquainted with the sonal friends who were acquainted with the situation. Mr. Colby was cashier of the water works company during the year 1898, and the alleged shortage was not discovered until last November. Since that time he has been endeavoring to raise the money and claims that he had about perfected arrangements when his arrest was made. Colby was twice elected county surveyor by the largest majority of any candidate upon the Republican ticket and was defeated for the third term in the Bryan landslide of 1896. He has always stood high in the community and his friends say he will be able to clear himself of any criminal intent.

FOR A PENSION FRAUD. Mrs. Harriet D. Mealer, of LaCrosse Kas., Arrested on a Federal

WICHITA, KAS., Feb. 10 .- (Special.) Mrs. Harriet D. Mealer, a member of one of the leading families of Lacrosse, Kas., was Marshal Trigg on a charge of perfury. Mrs. Menler has been drawing a widow's pension from the government for ten years past, while the wife of another man. The facts were unknown to the immediate members of her family, with whom she has been residing for a number of years, since the death of her former husband. One of the most singular facts discovered by the officers and the family is, that Mrs. Mealer would make frequent visits to friends in Missouri, and it has since been discovered that her absence of six weeks at a time was for the purpose of making a visit to her husband instead. Mrs. Mealer was taken before a United States commissioner and bound over in the sum of \$500 to appear for trial at the March term of the United States court to be held at Wichita.

ARRESTED FOR ARSON.

Authorities Say They Have Sufficient Evidence to Convict Jack Shearer.

WYMORE, NEB., Feb. 10 .- (Special.) Jack Shearer, a tough character residing here, was arrested and placed in jail last night charged with incendiarism. The house he is charged with burning was discovered to be on fire at 2 o'clock yesterday morning and the occupants, who were almost suffocated when awakened, barely escaped alive, the father and one child being badly burned. The family was forced to go two blocks to the house of a neighbor in their bare feet and night clothing and their feet were badly frozen before they reached their destination, it being 21 degrees below zero at the time. The fire started from the outside of the house and the walls were saturated with kerosene. Two weeks ago a notice was tacked on the door, which read: "If you don't want your goods burned, keep out." The authorities claim to have sufficient evidence against Shearer to convict him. be on fire at 2 o'clock vesterday morning

Man and Wife Slain. FORT GAINES, GA., Feb. 10.—At midnight last night Aif Boynton and his wife, colored, living on the Grimsley plantation, were assassinated by unknown parties, being called to the door and shot down in cold blood. There is tremendous excitement in the neighborhood and if the guilty parties are found they will undoubtedly be lynched.

TO PURIFY HAVANA.

Contract Let for the Manufacture of 50,000 Gallons of Disinfectant Per Day.

HAVANA, Feb. 10.—General Ludlow yes terday awarded a contract to A. E. Woolf to manufacture and supply patent disin-fectant for Havana. A plant is to be established immediately to supply 50,000 gallons of the disinfectant every twelve hours, the work to be completed early in March. The disinfectant will be used to sprinkle the streets, flush the cesspools. scrub-houses, and keep up a continual flow in the severe

DOES NOT WANT PEACE. Igoncillo Says Aguinaldo Has Not Asked for Suspension of

Hostilities. MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—Agoncillo stated to-day positively that he had authentic in-formation to the effect that Aguinaldo did not want a cessation of hostilities and had not asked for it. When asked how he ob-

tained this information he refused to say. Indian Territory Strike. FORT WORTH, TEX., Feb. 10.—Six hundred and fifty miners employed by the Choctaw Coal Company, Indian Territory, went out on strike to-day. The strike was caused by three or four men joining the miners' union. The mines of the company are practically shut down.

Little News From Klondike.

DAWSON CITY, Jan. 18, VIA SEATTLE, WASH., Feb. 10.—There is little news from the Klondike claims as yet this year. Stampedes to new districts are of frequent but no important discoveries.

"Wy children," said the poor man, sadly,
"see crying for bread." "How much
you have to be thankful (or, Now, mine
are crying for bon-bons."—Brooklyn Lifle,
are crying for bon-bons."

Molineaux. He had strolled in late, smoking a cigar and showing every evidence of complacency.

HE HAS FIXED THE PRICE ON ICE

ORGANIZE MISSOURI AND KANSAS ICE EXCHANGE.

Discussed the Situation All Day-Deny There Is Any Combine.

With the mercury in the neighborhood of sero and snow sifting thick and fast past the window panes, the leading ice manu-facturers of Western Missouri and Kansas sat in a parlor of the Savoy yesterday and organized the Kansas and Missouri Ice ice men, were at the same time busy on scores of ponds and rivers within a ra of a few miles, cutting and hauling to their store houses great frigid ice blocks of unprecedented thickness, made by Dame Nature and offered free for the taking Could it be these men were organizing to control the price of ice at a time so inop-portune? The answer came from William Moeser, of Topeka, as he smoked his cigar

with the utmost composure:
"The Lord has fixed prices on ice for the public this year. There is nothing we can do but meet the natural iceman's price this summer on the commodity, or shut down our plants. The Lord holds the cards this

It was not such a lugubrious and disc solate crowd as would naturally be ex-pected under such conditions. After elect-ing Dr. D. M. Howard, of Nevada, presi-dent; S. D. Hamilton, of St. Joseph, vice president; A. Mense, of the People's Ice Moeser, of Topeka, members of the execu-tive committee, they adjourned to the dining room for a spread, celebrating the birth of the organization. Two hours in the in the parlor.

we discuss prices?" said Dr. How-"Did

an unfortunate hereafter.
"I have made a study of liquid air from a elentific standpoint, and I am convinced

Liquid Air Too Costly. "It will never be a practical commercial commodity," interposed C. A. Lorey, agent for the National Ammonia Manufacturing Company, "My company, the syndicate,

of men for years, will stand idle this year."

"Another important fact is that they are cutting ice in ponds in this city's limits to-day that will breed disease next summer," said Mr. Menny. "At Thirty-first street and Indiana avenue they are harvesting ice from a hole in the ground that is filled perpetually with stagnant water through the summer. It will be sold to saloons and families this summer, and typhoid will follow in its wake. Such things have been stopped in every other large city in the country by strict state sanitary laws."

"I have seen ice harvested from ponds in this state where a part of each pond was

this state where a part of each pond was fenced into a hog lot," said Dr. Howard. "One of the first duties which we took upon ourselves after organizing to-day was to urge the passage of laws to remedy such things."

Demand the Immediate Suspension of Hostilities in the Philippine

First-The Anti-Imperialist League de mands the immediate suspension of hos tilities in the Philippines.
Second—The league insists that it is the Second—The league insists that it is the duty of congress to tender an official assurance to the country and to the inhabitants of the Philippines that the United Staes will encourage the reorganization of such a government as may be agreeable to the people of the islands, and that, upon its organization, the United States will, in accordance with its traditional and prescriptive policy in such cases, recognize it

Eggs Made to Order.

Eggs Made to Order.

London Correspondence.

In these times, when such rarities as the egg of the extinct great auk are constantly changing hands, the prices running into hundreds of pounds, it is interesting to learn that there is in Paris a man who makes an excellent living by manufacturing the eggs of rare birds and selining them to public institutions and amateurs of ornithology. He seems to be a workman of exceeding skill. A visitor actually saw him make a penguin's egg that could not be distinguished from the genuine model displayed before him. The shell was made of plaster of paris, which, after being cast, was hardened by burning, and then glazed.

Grip in City of Mexico.

No Election in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, NEB., Feb. 10.—There were no changes in the vote for senator on joint ballot to-day. This was the twentieth ballot, the greatest number ever cast in the state during a senatorial contest. There are indications that the Republican members will get together soon in caucus to select a candidate upon whom all can unite.

THIS SUMMER.

Leading Manufacturers of Kansas and Missouri Met at the Savoy and

Company, Kansas City, secretary, and Mr. Kimball, of Parsons, Kas., and William fining room were followed by a symposium

ard. "How ridiculous. Do you suppose it would do any good for artificial icemen to fix prices and leave the natural icemen. out? No, when we form a combine to raise prices in 1899 the first invitations will be sent to some of these fellows who are sawing out fortunes on the river. We are having discussion on liquid air. Wait till we get liquid air on the market and we will knock the natural iceman and his saw into a caloric conglomeration suggestive of

it will be placed on the market within three years. I shall sell my plant for scrap fron."

Company, "My company, the syndicate, has millions at stake on this question, and when the discovery of liquid air was made I was sent to all the great European laboratories to study the possibilities of its being put on the market. My work took me to five European countries. I spent months in investigating the subject. I gave my company a full report, supported by the opinions of all the leading experimenters and scientists. The first pound of liquid air made by Lord Kenyon cost £500 sterling. That it can never be manufactured economically is the judgment of the leading scientists at the present time." "Well, that concerns us less, in my opinion," said A. J. Morris, of Morris, Butts & Mueller, of Kansas City, "than the fact that 50,000 tons of natural ice have aiready been harvested at Lawrence, with an investment of \$16,000, which has employed a force of men for years, will stand idle this year."

such things."

Improved machinery and sanitary laws were the principal topics of conversation and discussion during the afternoon. The first meeting of the Ice exchange adjourned to meet the first Wednesday in January, 1900. Similar exchanges exist in other sections of the country. Circulars were sent out by Dr. Howard, as temporary chairman of the exchange, two months ago calling for the meeting which was held yesterday.

IMPERIOUS ANTI-IMPERIALISTS

BOSTON, MASS., Feb. 10.-At a genera meeting of the Anti-Imperialist League held here to-day, Governor Boutwell prefollowing resolutions were unanimously

being cast, was hardened by burning, and then glazed.

Another of his methods is to turn the eggs of a common species into those of a rarer one. For instance, the eggs of a common fly-catcher are almost worthless, but, treated with chemicals, they acquire the bluish green, shining color of the high-priced eggs of the silktall. A common duck egg is stained a silvery green and is then passed off as the egg of a falcon, which is worth from 40 to 50 francs. Pigeon' and wood pigeons' eggs are also easily transformed into the eggs of scarce birds. The ordinary lark's egg, colored a dusky brown becomes the egg of the nightingale, which is difficult to procure and, therefore, very expensive.

CITY OF MEXICO. Feb. 10.—An epidemic of grip here has put thousands of people on the sick list, the victims being of all classes of society, including court magis-trates, government officials, business men and large numbers of soldiers. The dis-ease is not so severe as it was years ago, and yields more quickly to treatment.



CLARK, The Hatter, 906 MAIN ST.

IS IT THE ANDREE PARTY?

Dead Bodies of Three Men Foun Near a Cloth Hut in 'Siberia.

KRASNOVARSK, SIBERIA, Feb. 10.-A gold mine owner named Monastyrschin has received a letter saying that a tribe of Turgusos, inhabiting the Timur penin North Siberia, recently informed the Rus sian police chief of the district that on January 7 last, between Komo and Rit, in the province of Yeniselsk, they found a cabin constructed of cloth and cordage, apparently belonging to a balloon. Close by were the bodies of three mer the head of one badly crushed. Around

uses of which were not understood by the Turgusos. The police chief has started for the spe to investigate, as it is believed that the bodies are those of the aeronaut, Herr Andree, and his companions.

them were a number of instruments, the

The balloon Eagle, with Professor Andree and two companions, Strindeberge and Fronkel, in the car, left Dane's island. of the Spitzbergen group, on July 11, 1897, in an attempt to cross the North polar oint. No definite news of the aeronaut has been received beyond the message, atached to a carrier pigeon, found by the whaling ship Ealken, which arrived at Copenhagen on September 2. The message read:
"July 13, 12:30 p. m., latitude 22.02 north, longitude 12.05 east, Good voyage eastward.
All well."

REFORMING FAST YOUNG MEN. Is "Fastness" Really Fascinating to the Nice Young Women of the Day!

from the Washington Post. "I wonder why it is that so many o the young men of to-day are running about possessed with the peculiar notion that what is termed 'fastness' is admirable and fascinating in the eyes of wom and tascinating in the eyes of wom-en-especially young women?" inquired, musingly, a charming and well known matron of Washington, who, through her sensible, level-headed influence, has made solid, steady citizens of numerous young fellows of this town who formerly had decidedly perverted notions as to the pure-ly supposititious attractiveness of a "rapid gait."

fellows of this town who formerly had decidedly perverted notions as to the purely supposititious attractiveness of a "rapid gait."

"My opportunities for observation are not limited," she went on, "and I am sure that I speak within bounds when I say that perhaps seven out of every ten very young men one meets nowadays are inspired with the extraordinary and utterly fallacious belief that if they can only contrive to achieve a reputation for swiftness, they are bound to be 'all kinds of aces'—as my poor, slangy husband expresses it—in the estimation of their young women friends. I can't exactly account for this, but I think it may be due in some measure to the influence impressed upon this generation by a former one. I reluctantly confess that even twenty or twenty-five years ago, when I was a girl, it was the practice of young women who came in social contact with young fellows who had the name of being dissipated to tap them playfully with their fans, and to archly allude to them as 'Wicked, wicked things,' or 'Such dreadful men.' These expressions of practical approval generally had the effect of swelling up the young chaps thus condoned for their sins by fan-taps until they resembled turkey cocks togged out in evening clothes. The result of it all was that the 'sad dog' of another day was insufferably proud of his sad-dogginess, and he strove more than ever to deserve the reputation of being 'so dissipated, you know,' and 'ba-ad.'

"No woman of this era and epoch, young or old, really admires a young man who has by dint of earnest endeavor, picked up the reputation of being fast.

"The world of to-day is filled with too many really shocking examples of young men eventually going completely to the bad from such foolishly bad beginnings to make the contemplation of such eventualities pleasing or bearable in the eyes of women who have swift-gaited young men friends on their lists. But the dissipated young chap goes on preening himself over his paltry 'Bohemianism,' and, dismally enough, he fancles that he is j

The White Man's Burden (With apologies to Mr. Kipling.) "Take up the white man's burden"
And send your sons abroad
To prey on other peoples
Who serve another God;
To treat, and starve, and murder
All who oppose his aim—
The Indian and Egyptian—
The men of ancient fame.

"Take up the white man's burden"—
Whate'er else betids—
To mislead simple people
And crush out native pride
"By open speech and simple—
A hundred times made plain"—
To hold their lands for profit—
And brine them down to shame.

"Take up the white man's burden"— Put the savage warrior down— The Maori and the Zulu— The Maori and the Zulu— With the native near Capetown; When you have creathed their freedom, And sent them to their doom, Send your raiders to the Transvaal, And kill the Dutch Paul Om. "Take up the white man's burden"—
And weigh the bloody rod—
Find neither life nor freedom
Can please the white man's God;

Heathen souls are worth a dollar— Mark the price where'er you roam; He can fill the heathen cities From the dwellers in his own. "Take up the white man's burden"—
And rees his old reward—
The curse of those he murders,
The hate of those he guards,
In Cuba and Manila,
In Puerte Rico, too;
In China and Fashoda—
Egyptian and Hindoo,

"Take up the white man's burden"—
Make his prufit if you can—
A shilling for a wuman—
A sovereign for a man;
Kill them with explosive bullets—
Children, aged, sexes—all
"These sullen, silent people"
Whe know no God at all. "Take up the white man's burden"—
Have done with charity—
Christ taught commerce, not kindness—
'Twas His mission—don't you see?
The white man has a right to murder—
'Tis part of his commercial creed—
He will slay all other peoples
To satisfy a Christian's greed.

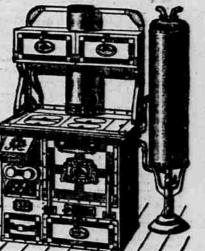
B. W.

Dess City Mo. Peb. 1888

Kansas City, Mo., Peb. 10, 1899. "You say you gave me no encourage-ment." he said bitterly, after she had told him she would be a sister to him, "and yet you surely kissed me when I gave you that gold-buckled belt." At this she laughed merrily. "And have you not yet learned to distinguish between official encouragement and a vote of thanks?" she asked. And then he went out into the cold world and declared that he never did think much of those parliamentary girls,—Chicago Even-ing Post.

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"The New York police are always peculiarly handicapped in their search for big criminals." criminals."
"How is that?"
"Why, the suspected men get so old that when they are finally arrested nobody can identify them."

Reminiscent. From the Chicago News.
Mr. Slowboy-"I never jump at conclusions."
Mrs. Blowboy—"It is unnecessary for you to tell me that. Probably the only jump you ever made in your life was when papa reached for you at that time on the steps."

Baldwin—"There is only one barber in town who can cut my hair. I give him 50 cents for the job." Hirsoot—"That is prec-ty steep; 10 cents a hair, isn't it?"—In-dianapolis Journal.